



Recognizing scams in the translation industry Cyber security tips: How to avoid scams

RECOGNIZING SCAMS IN THE TRANSLATION INDUSTRY

Scams targeting translators, agencies, and clients have unfortunately become a common issue in the translation world. Far from being isolated problem, fraudulent schemes affect freelancers and companies alike.

How translation scams work

Fraudsters often steal CVs from actual translators, either by downloading them from online directories or posing as agencies or project managers. This stolen information allows them to pose as legitimate professionals. Often, they alter information personal and contact details on the CV, though some even keep the original name, committing identity theft. Once they've created a "fake" translator profile, they launch mass spam campaigns targeting agencies or individual translators.

Here's where the scam typically begins. If a translator or agency the fraudster responds, proposes a payment plan with an upfront 50% deposit and the remaining 50% completion. After an agreement they is reached, send document to be translated with collaboration along a contract that appears genuine, including often digital a signature.

Shortly after, the translator or agency receives a follow-up email, supposedly from scammer's bank, requesting quick verification. Α check usually reveals that this email address is fake. The final blow comes when the scammer reaches out, claiming urgent financial or health issues and asking the translator or agency few for an advance of a hundred rand with promises of repayment within days.

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RECOGNIZING SCAMS

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Red flags: How to identify translation scams

Fortunately, scammers often reveal themselves through several tell-tale signs. Watch out for these red flags:

- Unsolicited offers: Scammers commonly send unsolicited applications via email, bypassing official application forms on agency websites.
- Blind copy (BCC) emails:
 Scam emails are typically
 sent as blind copies to
 multiple recipients, with no
 visible address.
- Poor language quality: Many scammers lack language proficiency, so their emails may contain numerous grammatical or stylistic errors.

- Inconsistent CV formatting: CVs usually The are patchwork, featuring inconsistent fonts and formats, and often contain contradictory or fake information, such as incorrect addresses, postal codes, and tax codes.
- Suspicious rates and experience: Their rates tend to be extremely low, and they often claim unrealistic years of experience. Also, a quick look at document properties may show an author name different from the person sending the CV.

By staying alert to these warning signs, translators and agencies can avoid falling into the traps set by fraudsters and keep their professional networks secure.

Cyber security tips: How to avoid scams



CYBER SECURITY TIPS: HOW TO AVOID SCAMS

freelance translators and interpreters, you navigate digital landscape that offers opportunities but also presents significant risks. Scams freelancers targeting have become increasingly sophisticated, and it's essential to arm yourself with knowledge to protect your hard work and earnings. Here are some practical tips to help you avoid scams and ensure you get paid for your services.

1. Verify client information

Before engaging with a potential client, conduct a background check. Look for:

- Company website: A professional website can be a good sign. Check for contact details and an about page.
- Social media presence: Established businesses often have social media profiles. Look for reviews and client interactions.

 Business registration: In South Africa, you can verify registered companies through the Companies and Intellectual Property Commission (CIPC).

Trust

Instincts

2. Trust your instincts

If something feels off, it probably is. Be wary of:

- Poor communication:
 Unprofessional emails,
 grammar mistakes, or
 unclear instructions can be
 red flags.
- Urgent requests: Scammers often create a sense of urgency. Take your time to evaluate the offer.

3. Use secure payment methods

Opt for secure payment platforms that offer buyer and seller protection. Avoid:

 Wire transfers (Swift): These can be hard to trace and are often favored by scammers.

CYBER SECURITY TIPS

4. Request an upfront deposit

It's reasonable to ask for a partial payment upfront, especially for larger projects. This can help ensure that the client is serious and has the means to pay.

5. Create a contract

written Always have a agreement outlining:

- Scope of work: Clearly define what you'll deliver.
- Payment terms: Specify deadlines, amounts, and accepted payment methods.
- Revisions and rights: Clarify how many revisions included and the rights to the translated material.

6. Avoid overcommitment

Be cautious of clients offering multiple projects with high rates that seem too good to be true. Scammers often entice freelancers with unrealistic offers to lure them in.

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7. Look for red flags

Common signs of potential scams include:

- Requests for personal information: Be wary if clients ask for sensitive personal data (like your ID number or bank account details) before any work is done.
- Unusual payment offers: If a client proposes to pay you significantly more than your usual investigate rate, further.

Cyber security tips: How to avoid scams

CYBER SECURITY TIPS CONTINUED



8. Educate yourself on common scams

Stay informed about the latest scams affecting freelancers. Familiarize yourself with common tactics, such as:

- Fake job postings: Scammers create fake listings to gather personal information.
- Overpayment scams: Clients transfer more than the agreed amount and ask you to refund the difference.

9. Network with other professionals

Connect with fellow freelancers through online forums or local groups. Sharing experiences and warnings about suspicious clients can help you and others stay alert.

10. Trust your gut

Finally, if something doesn't feel right, don't hesitate to walk away. It's better to lose a potential job than to risk your time and financial security.

As you continue to thrive in your freelance career, remember that being proactive about cybersecurity is essential. By following these tips, you can significantly reduce the risk of falling victim to scams and focus on what you do best—providing quality translation and interpretation services.

Stay safe and happy translating!









More about SATI at www.translators.org.za